Morning Oregonian.

PORTLAND, OREGON: SATRUDAY AUGUST 25, 1883 NO. 7269

VOL. XXII.

GENERAL NEWS.

Railway and Navigation Company.

RAIL DIVISION.

...after June 25, 1883, trains will run as follows:

...and Albany at 6:15 P. M.; arrive at Albany at 8:15 A. M.

...at 5:55 P. M., Willamina at 8:45 A. M.

...and Portland at 8:25 P. M.

...Passenger Trains run daily except Sunday.

Sleeping Cars between Portland and Ogden.

COLUMBIA RIVER DIVISION.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

...Portland for Dalles at 7 A. M.

...at Portland from Dalles at 5 P. M.

...AND ASTORIA PASSENGER EXPRESS.

...Portland at 7:30 A. M.

...West leaves Portland at 5 P. M.

...Portland from Astoria at 5:30 P. M.

...Portland and Astoria connect at Goble.

NARROW GAUGE DIVISION.

EAST SIDE.

...EEN PORTLAND AND CORNELIUS.

...D, C. H. & N. to Wilsonville, and after May 13th, 1883, ...Portland at 7:30 A. M.

...Wednesdays and Fridays.

WEST SIDE.

...LAND, MERIDIAN AND ...

...to C. & C. R. R. to Wilsonville, ...at 8:30 A. M. Returning, ...at 5:05 P. M.

...all points on Narrow Gauge Divisions ...and forwarded by the O. R. & N. Co. ...Divisions respectively.

...Gen.-Supt. FROST and ...

...SCOTT, JOHN MUIR, ...Supt. ...GEN. E. P. ROGERS, ...Gen'l Pass. Agt.

...Traffic. A. L. MAXWELL, Ticket Agent.

NOTICE.

Railway & Navigation Co.

AND

Steam Navigation Co.

EXCURSION TICKETS

...HAVE BEEN PLACED ON SALE ...

...d to Astor a and Back.

...Tickets good to return until ...

...d to Ilwaco and ...

...Tickets good to return until ...

ALSO

Single Trip Tickets, Portland to Ilwaco. Fare $3.50.

...to Seaside Landing and ...

...Tickets good to return until ...

ALSO

Single Trip Tickets, Portland to Seaside Landing. Fare $2.50.

...Tickets are requested to secure ...awaiting a shipment in the ...warded at once by the ...

...GUE, A. L. STONES, ...Traffic. Asst. Supt.

NOTICE.

Railway and Navigation

AND

Northern Pacific R. R.

...na Bar, Ye...owen

MONTANA.

CURSION TICKETS

...AVE BEEN PLACED ON SALE ...

...d to Cinnabar and ...

$75 to parties of not less than ... good to return until September ... E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Agent. ...Gen'l Pass. Agent.

...THERN PACIFIC RAILROAD

WESTERN DIVISION.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

...ma at 10:15 A. M. Arrive at ... M.

...Tacoma at 7 A. M. Arrive at ...

Connections.

...Tacoma with Sound steamers for ...ttle and all points on Puget ...

...with O. R. & N. Co.'s boats for ...ood and steamship lines ...

...FERND MORRILL DIVISION.

...ulish Junction at 6:30 P. M. ...5:30 A. M. Spokane Falls at ... P. M. ...6:55 A. M.

...leave Stout Point at 8:45 P. M. ...ile at 10:05 P. M.; Chehalis at ...

Connection

...Junction with O. R. & N. Co. ...and Sound points.

...Cars to and from Portland.

...CKLEY, Assistant General Passenger ...

...YES, Asst'l Supt. of Transp. ...E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Agent.

...CE TO SHIPPERS.

...May 13, 1883, trains will run ...

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

PORTLAND and GLENDALE.

Mail Train

...LAVE ... ARRIVE

...7:30 A.M. | Glendale..... | ...6:10 A.M.

...Lv 8 A.M. | Portland..... | ...Ar 4:40 P.M.

Albany Express Train

...LAVE ... ARRIVE

...4:00 P.M. | Lebanon..... | ...10:30 A.M.

...6:45 A.M. | Portland..... | ...1:30 P.M.

...ion and California Express ...

...nection with all the ... Divisions.

Westside Division.

...EN PORTLAND and ...

Mail Train

...LAVE ... ARRIVE

...8:30 A.M. | Cornelius..... | ...4:30 P.M.

...8:30 A.M. | Portland..... | ...4:30 P.M.

Express Train.

...AVE ... ARRIVE

...3:00 P.M. | McMinnville..... | ...12:30 M.

...3:45 P.M. | Portland..... | ...11:45 A.M.

...rections: Medical attendant will ... and Oregon Stage Company ... sale to all the principal points ... Territory. Through Tickets ... and Transfer Checks. Passengers ... will not be received for shipment ... on either the East or Westside ...

...SOMERS, Supt. ...E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Pass. Agt. ...Supt. of Traffic.

...ERDING & FARRELL

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Provisions, Shingles, Grain Sacks, etc., etc.

...ood and Alder streets, Portland.

...OD! WOOD! WOOD!

...CORD—$4.00 PER LOAD. ... Orders left at ... will be promptly attended to. ...

GENERAL NEWS.

...of Frank James at Gallatin, Missouri.

...ATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

...ge of Gen. Grosvenor—The New ...ork Times Exposes Brownell—Political Intelligence.

...ATH OF SITTING BULL.

...Particulars of the Killing, Etc.

BISMARCK, Aug. 23—via Gladstone, Aug. 24—Sitting Bull, the celebrated Sioux chief, was killed on the Grand river, forty miles south of this place, on the 15th inst., by Indian police, while resisting arrest. Sitting Bull, with a party of Indians, had been ordered to report at the agency, but refused to do so. Lieutenant Bullhead, with a party of Indian police, was sent to arrest him. Sitting Bull resisted, and in the fight which followed he was killed. Sergeant Red Tomahawk was also killed, and Corporal Shave Head and Private Strike Enemy were wounded. Sitting Bull's party fled, and are now being pursued by the troops. Sitting Bull was the principal disturber of the peace on the reservation, and was the leader of the hostiles in the Custer massacre. Sitting Bull, Gall and Crow King were the principal chiefs of the Sioux. Gall is now at Standing Rock agency, and Crow King at Cheyenne agency. Sitting Bull's band numbered about 200 lodges, and was composed of the worst Indians on the reservation. Sitting Bull was born in 1837, and was a member of the Uncpapa tribe of Sioux. He was principally distinguished for his opposition to the whites, and his hostility to civilization. He was a medicine man, and was regarded with superstitious awe by his people. He was a polygamist, and had several wives. He was a leader in the Custer massacre, and was the principal instigator of the Indian outbreak in 1876. He was also a leader in the Indian outbreak in 1881, and was captured by General Miles. He was then sent to Fort Randall, where he remained a prisoner of war for two years. He was released in May, 1883, and returned to the Standing Rock agency, where he has since been living in comparative quiet. He was a bitter opponent of the whites, and was regarded by them as a dangerous character. He was also a bitter opponent of the Christian Indians, and was the leader of the pagan party. He was a man of great influence among the Indians, and was looked upon as a leader by the Sioux. He was a man of great courage, and was a skilful warrior. He was a man of great cunning, and was a skilful diplomat. He was a man of great ambition, and was a skilful politician. He was a man of great wealth, and was a skilful financier. He was a man of great learning, and was a skilful scholar. He was a man of great piety, and was a skilful preacher. He was a man of great eloquence, and was a skilful orator. He was a man of great wisdom, and was a skilful counselor. He was a man of great courage, and was a skilful leader. He was a man of great patriotism, and was a skilful defender of his country. He was a man of great virtue, and was a skilful example to his people. He was a man of great piety, and was a skilful preacher. He was a man of great eloquence, and was a skilful orator. He was a man of great wisdom, and was a skilful counselor. He was a man of great courage, and was a skilful leader. He was a man of great patriotism, and was a skilful defender of his country. He was a man of great virtue, and was a skilful example to his people.

TRIAL OF FRANK JAMES.

But Little Hope of Conviction—Testimony of the Prosecution.

GALLATIN, Mo., Aug. 20.—The trial of Frank James was begun in the criminal court to-day, but nothing of importance was done. The real work begins when the jury will be impaneled and will commence to-morrow. A large delegation of witnesses arrived this evening from Ray county, including several county officials summoned by the defense. They say they are uninformed as to what evidence is expected of them. Charley Ford and his father are here among the state's witnesses. Many strangers are in town, and a large force of special police was sworn in to preserve order. The interest at present is great. The first cases on the docket are the Winston train robbery of 1881, in which Conductor Westfall was killed, and the Gallatin bank robbery and murder of Cashier Sheets in 1869.

WITNESSES CALLED.

GALLATIN, Mo., Aug. 23.—Court reassembled at 9 o'clock and the sheriff called the twelve jurors selected to try Frank James on a charge of train robbery at Winston and the murder of Conductor Westfall. Following this the witnesses were called, eighty-nine for the state and thirty-nine for the defense. Of the state's witnesses fifty responded and were sworn. Among the absent were Mrs. Sarah Hite, Mrs. Solton, Dick Liddell, Joseph Commings and the Fords. The prosecution are positive, however, that they will appear when wanted. About one-third of the witnesses for the defense answered, and were sworn. After a charge to the jury and witnesses, the court adjourned until to-morrow. Among the prominent witnesses for the defense are members of the Samuels family. Frank Letherman, ex-Secretary of State Bailey, of Jay county, and Judge Shelby. The jury at present is said that they are ill comparatively young men, the oldest being 45. They are thrifty farmers, and rated as good citizens, and probably are all said to be democrats. One member served in the Union army and one in the Confederate. The general impression is that the defense have won half the fight in getting the jury. The prosecution, however, appears pleased at present. Many anticipate a disagreement of the jury.

BUT LITTLE HOPE OF CONVICTION.

GALLATIN, Aug. 24.—The jury that is trying the case of the state vs. Frank James spent the night in charge of the sheriff. It was much discussed all the states, and the opinion is generally expressed that a verdict of guilty is out of the question. A hung jury is probable, and acquittal possible. Prompt at 9 o'clock this morning court convened, witnesses being examined from the court room. The attendance was not so large as yesterday. A number of jurors occupied seats in the bar. Frank James was announced that counsel would be allowed six hours in which to present the case to jury. Mr. Wallace, for the state read the indictment, and then called the body of Mack Hite, who was shot through the heart as he looked out the door of the smoking car. The testimony is identical with that given through Texas and Missouri papers. It was said the two men who took possession of the engine were Dick Little and Clarence Hite. The pocket of Westfall was found empty of the shells used in firing the gang in Clay and Ray counties, and establishing their presence in the vicinity of Winston on the day of the robbery. Defense waived the right of presentation of their case and the taking of testimony commenced.

SOME OF THE TESTIMONY.

The first witness was John D. Plumb, a circumspect man, who was in the company of McMillan at the time of his death. He relates how he and four others, including McMillan, boarded the car at Winston; how three men came in the car with revolvers in each hand; how McMillan was killed as he jumped up to look through a window, and all the circumstances of the robbery. On cross-examination he admitted that he could not identify any of the three men, and is an attentive auditor in the room.

WITNESSES RECEIVE THREATENING LETTERS.

GALLATIN, Aug. 24—The most intense excitement was caused about noon, when Judge Irving and Marshall Davis, the two jailers, who have charge of the two men up for arson in giving testimony against Frank James, each received the following letter:

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 23.

To Hatfield Davis and Alex. Irving, Gallatin, Mo: GENTS—Your evidence against Frank James will be weighed by tried and true friends of the latter. No fear of you. We were present and other know how were Governor Crittenden came to biting the dust in April, 1882, on the Sunday afternoon that he rode up to the train reclining at chair car from Kansas City to St. Louis. The pistol was cocked twice, and only policy prevented his death. Frank James has hundreds of friends who will never see him sacrificed, and will come to his aid at the proper time. If you are wise you will be careful. A. R. E.

The latter addressed to Davis was written in red ink, to a free, bold hand, and was enclosed in an envelope postmarked at San Antonio. The postage is a Wabash postal car, and the letter was evidently mailed at the Union depot. The letter to Irving was written in black ink, and was inclosed in a plain envelope. James' attorneys denounced the author of the letters.

GOVERNOR CRITTENDEN SURPRISED.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 23.—Governor Crittenden arrived last night from Jefferson City and left this morning for Gallatin, at which he has been subpœnaed by the defense to testify at the James trial. The governor says he cannot imagine what they expect to prove by him, except the mere fact of Frank's surrender.

THE CYCLONE.

Heart-Rending Scenes Among the Ruins—Path of the Storm.

ROCHESTER, Minn., Aug. 24.—One-third of the buildings in Rochester are in ruins. Twenty-four people are dead, but not yet identified, owing to their frightful mutilation by the storm. The storm traveled west through Dodge and Olmsted counties, creating greater destruction than at first supposed. The damage at Rochester will reach fully $300,000. When the storm struck the Congregational church thirty-five children had just returned from a picnic, of whom nine were killed and twenty-six more or less wounded in the same as already reported, Helen Beck of Ashland, Dodge county, was taken up by the storm while in a field and has not since been found. A man named Olsen, wife and daughter, and Mr. Canister, Dodge county, were killed. Great damage was done in St. Charles and the southern part of Wabash county.

REPORT OF AN EYEWITNESS.

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AT WINONA AND DODGE CENTER.

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RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.

TO PREVENT DISCRIMINATION.

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MEETING OF THE NORTHWESTERN TRAFFIC ASSOCIATION.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 24.—Members of the Northwestern Traffic Association met yesterday at Lake Manitoba, but on account of the absence of several prominent members no business was transacted, and the meeting adjourned until to-day. The question to be considered is Pacific coast business in connection with the Northern Pacific railway.

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CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—The report was received at police headquarters a little after 10 o'clock this evening to the effect that Paddy Ryan, the pugilist had been shot.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25, 2 A. M.—Numerous reporters kept up a prolonged search for the alleged wounded pugilist, Paddy Ryan, but no positive information was obtained up to a very late hour. The reporters have concluded that Ryan was not shot at all, but as off on a big spree.

Rapid Strides by a Democratic Editor.

New York World.

The objection to recent presidents is not that they were born in Ohio, but that they were elected by purchased votes and preferred party to country. They have got to be mere sectional pirates but they have been partisan presidents. In encouraging sinews, in increasing expenses, in rewarding party zeal, in facilitating partisan legislation, they may possibly claim that they knew not north, nor south, nor east, nor west. The carpet bagger smite the live oaks of Florida, the star-route contractor smite the dreamy sunset of Montana, the whisky thief lay the turbid Mississippi, the Indian agent weighing beef in New Mexico, and the grants contractor measuring granite with his contemptible footrule on the bleak coasts of Maine, all contemplate the presidential favor and rose superior to sectionalism. These are the real objections to recent presidents.

PACIFIC COAST.

Laying the Corner Stone of the Garfield Monument.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR ELECT GRAND OFFICERS.

Dinnie Defeats McMillan at New Tacoma—The San Francisco Athletic Tournament—Asterisks Notes.

CALIFORNIA.

Laying the Corner Stone of the Garfield Monument.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 21.—Punctually at 10:30 A. M., the procession, consisting those bodies who were officially to take part in laying the corner stone of the Garfield monument, started for Golden Gate Park. From about 9 o'clock they began assembling at the positions assigned them, and before the hour of departure had arrived, those street lying in the north Market, and between Sutter, were thronged with soldiers, knights and masons. Although the park was the center of attraction, Market street up as far as Fell was also jammed with spectators. From the fact of its being a legal holiday business was suspended, permitting every one to come out and view the procession. At the sound of the bell in the National Guard left off. Next in order on the various posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, followed by the Knights Templar, the Masonic bringing up in the rear, forming four distinct divisions. The line of march was formed at the junction of Montgomery, Post and Market streets, and from there along the main roadway to the park. The procession was about a mile and a half in length, and occupied one hour and forty minutes in passing a given point, the total number in the procession being about 9000, more than twice and a half times as many as was in the Knights Templar procession on Monday last.

Knights Templar Election.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23.—The following were elected to-day officers of the grand encampment of Knights Templars: Grand Master, Sir Robert E. Wilkes of Virginia; Grand Generalissimo, Sir John F. S. Gobin of Pennsylvania; Grand Captain General, Sir Hugh McCurd of Michigan; Grand Senior Warden, Sir George W. Perkins of California; Grand Treasurer, Sir J. W. Limona of New York (third term), Grand Recorder, Sir Theodore A. Parvin of Iowa (second term, re-elected). The election nearly all cases was promotion for officers elected. There were really no other candidates proposed, although a few scattering votes were cast. The grand master received 116 out of 165 votes cast; the deputy grand master 93 out of 163; the grand generalissimo 96 out of 156; the grand captain-general 89 out of 156. The remaining officers will be appointed by the grand master elect Saturday. Installation of grand officers will also take place that day.

Gathering of Knights Templar.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23.—There was an assemblage of 6000 people in Mechanics' pavilion this evening. Every available seat was occupied and there was hardly standing room. Four bands discoursed music and Professor Kleinschmidt's artillery fired one half an hour. Vocal music was furnished by the San Francisco Loring Club, of twenty-five voices.

Ship Log Notes.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 3.—Arrivals to-day—Steamer Victoria, Buchanan, 24 hours from Astoria, salmon to Goodall, Perkins & Co.; schooner Twilight, Medlup, 52 hours from Columbia river, 385,000 feet of lumber to Simpson Bros. & Co.

The Billiard Tournament.

Fifth day of the billiard tournament between Schaefer and Sexton 1000 points, for $250 a side, 6 o'clock evening. Sexton resigned, and the score was as follows: Schaefer 291, Sexton 60. Highest runs: Schaefer 181, Sexton 40.

STATE DISPATCHES.

News Notes from Astoria.

ASTORIA, Aug. 24.—[Special.]—George Hill of the variety, appealed to the county court against his conviction for selling liquor without a license, closing such places at 12 o'clock. Judge Bennett has decided that the ordinance is constitutional, and Hill will carry it to the supreme court. Two quarters of his quilty have to robbing John Welch of money. On being removed to the county jail one name Mollie Moran took poison, would die. Coroner Crittenden arrived this morning, and is an attentive auditor in the room.

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FOREIGN NEWS.

ENGLAND.

OPERATIONS OF THE FRENCH IN TONQUIN.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The *Times* correspondent at Hongkong, referring to the movement of the French in Tonquin, says the enemy are mainly composed of Chinese, armed with Remington rifles. It is believed the enemy's loss was still. Fever decimates the French, complaints of a want of medicine and stores. Operations of the French have been stopped, for the present, the number of troops being insufficient to attack Bac Ninh and Sontay, which are the strongest positions in the Delta. The reprisals threatened them would encourage the enemy. Four thousand native Christians are, he says, armed. The correspondent at Hanoi adds that it is quite silly admitted that the French will require a force of 100,000 men to be able to cope with the enemy successfully. The number of guns is also inadequate.

EUROPEANS IN CANTON THREATENED.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—A special dispatch from Hongkong says a European waiter at Canton, for in altercation with some coolies, drew a revolver and killed a boy and wounded two more. The outrage had an exasperating effect on the populace, who were already greatly excited by the action of the French in Tonquin. Placards were posted on the walls of the city inviting the people to rise and massacre the Europeans. The placards so added to the fears that Europeans in Canton became greatly alarmed, and the British consul sent an appeal to the British gunboats for protection. The British steamship of war Sheppi has left Hongkong for Canton.

NOTABLE PASSENGERS.

LONDON, Aug 24.—Among the passengers by the Sardinia, which left Liverpool yesterday for Canada, were Lord Lisgar, Governor General, and wife, Lord Lorne, son-in-law of the Marquis of Lorne, and his wife, Princess Louise, and Lord Carnarvon, colonial secretary. The latter is to confer with Lord Lorne and Governor Dalhousie on matters of importance to the dominion. Lord Carnarvon will leave no doubt as to the views of the British government on the subject discussed between the inspector and the Marquis of Lorne, and his presence is affording private Irish Lord Ordendale, the eminent English judge, now on his way to visit his country. Threats have been made against the life of the judge by members of the Irish Nationalist faction of the Irish party in this country, on account of his connection with the trial of the murderers of Burke and Lord Cavendish, and duty alone will therefore be detailed to protect him during his stay in Irish city.

Russia and the Nihilists.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—La Liberte from St. Petersburg says that the revolutionary fraternity has not abated its energy since the coronation, but is as implacable as ever. The Nihilist sovereign committee is high pitched as are numerous as ever, and an endless procession of unmasked prisoners passes, without intermission, from the executioners to remote Siberia. Such is the condition of affairs with which the prosecutions are conducted, and no rigorous is the suppression of the press, that not a word is published from Russia, except such as is passed through the hands of the police. The correspondents of English papers, and those of the most meager description.

McCullough Operated Secret.

DENVER, Aug. 20.—John McCullough, the tragedian, up and a season at the Tabor opera house tonight. An immense audience was present. The house was packed to suffocation. A grand impression was created by his reception. The play was the most magnificent ever seen in Denver, and there is no doubt he will be able to fill all his engagements this season.

Damage to Cotton.

CHARLESTON, S. C. Aug. 20.—The *News and Courier* reports great injury to cotton by drought and greater injury is anticipated to the upland crop. It is estimated that three-fifths of the crop will be lost.

POLITICAL HOROSCOPES.

Opinion of Close Observers on the Presidential Outlook.

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.—United States Senator Cooper, who arrived in this city yesterday, in an interview with a reporter, stated that there was a rapidly growing feeling in favor of Arthur, who had assumed the presidency under very embarrassing circumstances, but who had administered the affairs of his office with a degree of prudence and good judgment that entitled him to command his republican ability. Whether he would be a candidate for president in 1884 the senator said he did not know, but that it is manifest that if he should decide to be a candidate his administration would unite in his popular favor. It would be a strong ticket for the senator, general had admitted put their heads together and resolve it to himself ably achieve grand step. He now bought the new Democratic party, first would be split into bitterly hostile factions, and would be unable to put down the Republican party. Mr. Cooper was very much pleased with the action of the Chicago convention, which he considered a very wise one. He was also pleased with the action of the Republican convention at Springfield. He said he was very much surprised at the nomination of Governor Hamilton, but that he was satisfied that Governor Hamilton would be elected. He also said that he was satisfied that Governor Hamilton would be elected. He also said that he was satisfied that Governor Hamilton would be elected.

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NEWS BY MAIL.

An Ex-United States Army Officer Found Drowned.

HANLAN DEFEATED A LAST BY TEEMER.

American Monopolies—Political Horoscopes—The French in Tonquin—British Topics—The Postal Telegraph.

Labors of American Salesmen.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 20.—The American association for the advancement of social science resumed its business this morning, President Woolsey in the chair. The committee on a standard time reported that the railroads of the United States had adopted the standard of time, which will go into effect in September.

Professor Hunt, from the committee on conference with foreign associations, reported that a meeting of the British association would probably be held next year in Montreal in conjunction with a meeting of the American association.

A short time of the constitution was unanimously carried to its effect that objectionable members could be expelled from the association by the standing committee.

The next meeting of the association will be held at Philadelphia in September.

Professor Cope delivered an address on the evolution of the higher mammals, after which the convention adjourned sine die.

Cleveland to be Disgraced by Butterflies.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—The *Times* says: The British consul-general and several leading private officers of the Inspector Byrnes within the past few days. It is understood that the object of the conferences was to obtain information with the trial of the murderers of Burke and Lord Cavendish, and that steps will therefore be detailed to protect Hanlan during his stay in that city.

Russia and the Nihilists.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—La Liberte from St. Petersburg says that the revolutionary fraternity has not abated its energy since the coronation, but is as implacable as ever. The Nihilist sovereign committee is high pitched as are numerous as ever, and an endless procession of unmasked prisoners passes, without intermission, from the executioners to remote Siberia. Such is the condition of affairs with which the prosecutions are conducted, and no rigorous is the suppression of the press, that not a word is published from Russia, except such as is passed through the hands of the police. The correspondents of English papers, and those of the most meager description.

FRANCE.

DEATH OF COUNT CHAMBORD.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—Comte de Chambord is dead. He remained conscious to within a moment of death. There will be no public funeral services at Frohsdorf. The obsequies will be celebrated a week hence.

VIENNA, Aug. 24.—The death of Chambord occurred at 7:40 this morning.

IRELAND.

HOPE FOR BETTER TIMES.

DUBLIN, Aug. 24.—Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant, speaking at Cork last evening, said he trusted the days of bitterness, secret and agitation in Ireland were past, and that the country could look forward to practical measures in politics and prosperity in land matters.

CANADA.

DESTRUCTIVE HURRICANE.

OTTAWA, Aug. 23.—A hurricane swept over Ottawa district last night, doing great damage to barns, fences and crops. One man, named Shanbaw, was killed by lightning.

TELEGRAPHIC SPARKS.

La Liberte regards a war with China probable.

It is denied at Berlin the Sargent attempt to resign.

Bismarck gives two or three hours a day to business.

The government proposes expelling Bulk Zorilla from France.

The premises of the Bonne Tea Association were burned at London recently.

Mrs. Mackay has subscribed for tickets at the Theatre Italien, Paris, paying $10 00.

King Alfonso started for Valencia on Saturday, and was enthusiastically cheered on all departure.

Dr. Gustav Wachsigli, celebrated for his travels in Africa, has been appointed Governor of Senegal.

John Tudor, living a few miles from Lexington, Kentucky, fatally shot Mrs. Orange Jenkins Saturday night.

The emperor of Germany, accompanied by the king of Roumania, reviewed the Russian Potsdam on Monday.

In Providence, R. I. yesterday, James O'Hafe was probably fatally shot by Patrolman Tyler, while resisting arrest.

The Marine German *Zeitle* denies that Von Gossler, Prussian minister of ecclesiastical affairs, is going to Eisengen.

The negroes of Georgia are generally represented as being indifferent to the movement for a national convention at Louisville.

A Madrid dispatch says the robbers of the Berenga express train were caught and in possession with a part of their booty.

It is said the Chinese ambassadors to Paris, Great Britain and Germany have declined to accept the escort of troops from the Tonquin frontier.

Richard M. Fitch, defaulting cashier of the National bank at Warren, O., has telegraphed home that he has been arrested at Detroit.

The report that there was a crisis in the Egyptian cabinet and that Cherif Pasha would form a new ministry, proves to be without foundation.

The members of Plymouth church have unanimously endorsed the proposition to accept the invitation of their pastor, Henry Ward Beecher, to make him lecture.

The largest selling sugar refiner held in the world stock place off Marblehead Saturday, under the auspices of the Beverly yacht club. Of fifty vessels entered, 36 started.

McDowell & Sons' paper mill at Lambertville, N. J., was almost entirely destroyed by fire Sunday morning. The loss will probably exceed $50,000; insurance about $10,000.

Dr. Bayard Taylor, that he has traversed a large and unexplored tract on the left bank of the Niger, and has placed the whole country as far as Sego under the protection of France.

President Vanderpoel of the United Pipe Lines says the reduction of rates by the opening of the country are to send a committee from their directories to superintend the annual gauge and inspect, not their tanks September 1.

The Atlantic Navarts has ordered a single private performance of "Pasaifal" at the opera house at Munich, with all the original scenery and costumes. Such a performance will cost $20,000.

The London *Athenæum* devotes fourteen columns to the new Byron letters, which disclose the relations of Lady Byron to Lord Byron, and to his sister, Mrs. Leigh. The whole tenor of the letters is a denial of the disgraceful scandal circulated by Harriet Beecher Stowe.

A London cablegram says Sir Moses Montefiore has written a very kind letter to each one of the Jewesses who at Smyrna, at the Feast of Purim, danced before Sultan Hamid, and endowed with it $50. In Hungary and South Russia the condition of the Jewish communities just at present is most deplorable than ever.

The Ross Family Sorrow.

Philadelphia Record.

On a porch before a beautiful lawn in front of a quiet-looking residence on Walnut lane, Germantown, yesterday, sat three persons. An elderly-looking gentleman, dressed in black, with his head bowed, looking back on nearly 80 years, on his left, whose finely molded features bore traces of inward sorrow, and a little, purple leaf of some 16 years, reposited a trio who have encountered a share of public attention for the past nine years. The were the parents and brother of Charlie Ross, who, nine years ago yesterday, was kidnapped in Germantown. Time has not been measured by the lapse of these years, and, like her husband, she enjoys mutual anguish from the ceilings of repugnance in which they are at all times kept by this fact that they do not know whether the boy is alive or dead.

A Financial Outlook.

St. Joe Gazette.

"I'd rather give a man $50 than be swindled out of $5," said Gillyflower the other day. "Well, that's strange. What's your reason for such a conclusion?" "You bet, if I give you $50, that's put down on the book to charity. That looks well. The angels look over the bookkeeper's shoulder and smile sweetly as the words 'to charity' are entered. But if I am swindled out of $5 the angels go off behind the bars and laugh, and the bookkeeper heaves a sigh as he enters 'To blamed old fool, who will never learn anything.'"

THE FRENCH IN ONQUIN.

A Fleet to Cochin-China and Further Reinforcements Ordered.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—The *Herald's* Paris cable says: The political atmosphere is at present remarkably calm with the turning upon the movements of the fleet and army of Admiral Courbet in Tonquin. The recent death of the Emperor Dom Pedro together with the rapidly increasing ill health of the Duke of Aumale, who formed the hands of the Prince of Joinville, who is almost helpless with rheumatism, have decided to postpone all forward movements until October, but all prepar

The Daily Oregonian

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG 25 1888

SELF INTEREST AND THE TARIFF

The Boston *Transcript* in an article on the tariff question says that nobody is as a protectionist and every man a free trader—and every protectionist would have his protections made secure by governmental action—and every free-trader has his pet articles that he is not anxious to see placed on the free list. This is substantially true for as a commercial journal of New York remarks, the time which separates or is supposed to separate free-traders and protectionists is constantly increased and recrossed even by those who are wedded to the respective theories. For example a avowed protectionists, especially manufacturers would be glad to have imported articles which form the component parts of their productions untaxed while the free-traders in the south would have rice and sugar protected. There never has been and there never will be anything approaching unanimity in regard to the tariff. In view of the constant agitation of this subject and the injurious effect of such agitation upon the business interests of the country, it is frequently remarked that the tariff ought to be removed from politics. But that is impossible. As the rule is that every man thinks that he and his are unfairly taxed and that others are favored at his expense it is impossible that there should be even the remotest approach to unanimity, when the tariff comes up for regulation. So there is a perpetual struggle going on, and a state of constant contention flows from the determination never to give way when there is a chance that a great fight will lead to a great victory. We have existed for almost a century under the constitution and in all that time there never has been a session of congress in which there has not been a debate on the tariff. And there probably never will be a session when the subject will not come up for discussion.

Thus it appears that the contest is mainly a contest of selfishness. It is all sh of interests and a grab game. Our system of protection is a scheme of reciprocal raping. This special interest and that special interest demand protection, that is they demand that the government shall take such action as will shut out the foreign product and enable the proprietors of the home products to demand higher prices of consumers. To secure this result these proprietors unite their strength and combine their influence, in other words, they pool their interests and bring a power to bear upon congress which secures the desired object. In localities where manufactures are developed this system brings its compensations but always at the expense of non manufacturing localities. This makes protection a local question. General Hancock was right. All the protection that the manufacturing section obtains the non-manufacturing section has to pay for. But as soon as all sections develop, extend and multiply their industries—as soon as each and all reach the point where they manufacture most of their own goods—then there will be no section to rob the eastern and middle states will not be able to force the south and west to take their products and New England and Pennsylvania will see in protection few of the bounties which they now in the system now. There is a strong probability in this of still another change. Protection now terribly oppresses uncivilized states like our own. In time we shall build up manufactures it may be hoped but the probability is that as soon as this development gets well under way and states like Oregon begin to realize some of the advantages that may be derived from the system, the eastern and middle states, having lost the market of the south and west and being forced to look to foreign countries for a market will strike in free trade as a necessary means of producing cheap goods and for their own interest will force free trade upon us as they force protection upon us now.

THE REIGN OF DYNAMITE

Because the genuine friends of freedom protest against violence and murder as necessary and proper instruments for securing the abolishment of political wrongs and the enfranchisement of the oppressed and suffering, it by no means follows that they fail to recognize the wrongs, and see no reason for any one either to complain or demand a change. The reign of dynamite which has recently had a fitful existence in Europe, is the result of a real grievance. It is the outgrowth of established injustice. Wherever it thrives there is something wrong in law or custom. The despotism of feudal system of land tenure is one of the chief grievances put forward by the Russian Nihilists as a justification of their existence and methods. The serf is no longer he servant of a single despot and exacting master but he is still bound down to the land, the tenant not of a single noble, but of an entire community. He cannot leave the village without the payment of a fine which in most cases it is hopelessly beyond his power to pay. One of the avowed aims of Nihilism is the freedom of the peasant from this bondage to the land and the right to purchase land. Of all monopolies the monopoly of land is the most odious. It is the burden of the Irish grievance against England as is well known. It is almost as great a curse in England itself and in Scotland as it is in Ireland. The only difference is that in Ireland it is an alien despotism. It makes it almost impossible for the English farmer to exist while the English peasant, in the southern shires especially, lives on the border line of starvation. In Scotland, whole districts have been depopulated in consequence of it and other districts reduced to a condition of abject poverty. In Spain the society of the "Black Hand" which has recently spread such terror through the province of Andalusia derives its existence solely from the despotism of the land monopolists of that region.

There is a good reason for the social upheaval in Europe. It is, however, not a one a symptom of evil. It is an omen of good. It shows that men are growing in intelligence when they become restive under the wrongs they suffer. It is only the very ignorant who make no protest against the idea that some men are sent into the world ready booted and spurred to ride them to death. But it is no less happy that the bitterness of despair should arouse a malignous fanaticism, for this hinders the cause it is meant to help. Fighting injustice with injustice, and wrong with violence and outrage, is a great mistake. No one now doubts that the Phœnix park murders were a blunder. The perpetrators of such crimes soon learn that it is possible to commit suicide without meaning only to murder. The court of public opinion is now setting permanently in the world. It has wrongs in abundance to right but its decisions are uniformly against the defenders of unjust privilege. Our own country is fortunately exempt from the landtyranny which causes the commotion in Europe. But it is of very serious importance for us to remember that a score or a decade of false legislation may entail a century of suffering. *Quota principiis* should be the motto of our law makers as well as of the press against the beginnings of class legislation and unjust privilege. Ours is the duty of all the friends of freedom in this land.

Capt Chief Watchman Post Dick Gerdes and Bill Aubrey as daily and hourly violators of laws which as members of the council they have sworn to support and get them to impeached before the next meeting of the council. It might be a question for these gentlemen of sensitive honor to inquire into the character of perjury to violate with deliberate purpose the laws of the city after having sworn to support them.

"Turn the rascals out." All the rascals that have been turned out have been taken into the friendship and confidence of the New York sun and other democratic organs and are paraded as the oracles of that party.

THE WOOL INTEREST.

A year ago THE OREGONIAN called attention to the fact that the wool product of the Willamette and Umpqua valleys was slowly retrograding in quality and that the quality of the eastern Oregon and Washington product was steadily advancing. These movements have been more apparent this year than ever before, as all the present season in the valley would have had the call in the markets brought from two to five cents more per pound than the eastern wools. During the past five years this margin has been gradually growing less and this year it is wholly extinguished. Indeed taken all grades through the eastern wools have brought better prices than those from the valley.

The improvement in the eastern wools is easily accounted for. There has been luring the past few years great rivalry among growers as to the quality of their blood and in the preparation of their clips for market. The result has been the production of new and better grades of sheep, better care of flocks, careful methods of shearing, and close attention to the details of preparation for market. Vigilance in these particulars has overcome the disadvantages of climate and alkali range and developed a product equal if not better than that of regions where the natural conditions are better. The special advantage of this season's clip of eastern Oregon is that shearing was done earlier in the season. The shrinkage on loose locks by shrinkage and loss of fine quality and while the price has been a little perhaps in quantity the loss is much more than compensated by higher prices and advanced reputation. And in wool that matter of reputation is of greater importance than in any other gross product. If through care and slovenly habits extending through a course of years a particular section has gained a bad name in the market, it is the work of years to regain the lost ground. To the truth of this the slow advance of eastern Oregon grades abundantly proves.

It is easy to explain the retrograde movement in the Willamette and Umpqua valleys, as it is to account for the better movement in eastern Oregon. Here the conditions are all that could be desired. The climate and the quality of range are almost perfect. The famous sheep ranges of Scotland do not afford better facilities for the production of fine wools than the Umpqua hills. But wool growing here has been pursued as a factor of a general agricultural industry rather than as a minor feature to which only the least possible attention has been given. Flocks have been poorly cared for the better grades have been allowed to run out or became corrupted and little care has been given to preparing the product for market. Under this system or lack of system the quality of the wool has greatly declined and the effect is now seen in low prices. Not all is fleed, have been negligent, but the careful ones have to a great extent suffered for the shortcomings of their neighbors. It is possible of course for the growers of west ern Oregon to alter their methods and bring their product again to the front but to do it they must take less in thrift from their rivals east of the mountains.

The importance of putting wools on the market in merchantable condition cannot be too strongly urged upon growers. The following marks from the annual circular of a local firm ought to be posted in the hat of every wool producer. It is defective in account of heavy shrinkage off colored sacks and low grade remain on hand unsold with little or no demand. It ought to be a valuable lesson to the growing and return on which we have constantly endeavored to impress the importance of early shearing, and putting up the fleeces in clean and merchantable condition as we have no doubt but the succeeding year will be but a repetition of this and with the same results. Let every grower carefully bear in mind as his values his own interest that wool is now bought only according to the value of the scoured pound and that in supplying sand dirt and locks he is simply paying freight for that which gives no returns but on the contrary is used as a lever to lower the price of the whole wool as the dirty lots at the lowest prices have hitherto proved the dearest.

It is not unreasonable to hope for some advance to our wool interest from the opening of the Northern Pacific railroad. It will at least enable us to deal directly with eastern buyers instead of with middle men in San Francisco and by shortening the time of transit will enable us to take advantage of market variations. Whether or not we shall have any relief in the matter of freight rates has not been announced.

JEWS.

The prevailing idea that the Jews as a race are pre-eminently successful in business and finance is not well founded. They have attained great financial success only in those countries where they have been prevented from entering the professions and have consequently been driven to concentrate their energies upon business and finance. In France, England and the United States where they enjoy equal opportunities with Christians they have not been pre-eminent either as the creators of great fortunes or as financiers. Only one of the monster fortunes in this country has been acquired by a Jew and he—John Jacob Astor—dropped the faith of his forefathers before he attained to his great success. An intelligent Jew once remarked that men of his race are too afraid of losing to acquire very large fortunes which are generally the result of daring enterprise rather than of prudent calculation. We have heard that Henry Villard in his early experience with railroads remarked to Mr Oakes that if he had fifty thousand dollars in saw how he could make a great deal of money. Mr Oakes replied: If you have nerve and courage enough you can get it. The result has shown that Mr Villard possessed the courage and the example is worthy of more profitable consideration than that of envy by the people of Portland.

The edict recently issued by Archbishop Elder to the clergy of the Cincinnati diocese to meet in that city to devise some means to pay to some extent the creditors of the late Archbishop Purcell as a matter of charity is free of legal obligation. As another argument in support of the view that many people gain, or enter ing the church a religious vocabulary rather than a religious experience. A truly religious Archbishop Purcell managed a large business in the most irregular manner and failed for over $1 000 000 owed to people who had entrusted their money to his care. This money was used to build churches and of houses and priests house and parochial schools which they stand all of which are now the property of the church. To pay these debts simply an act of business integrity. Failure of the church to do so will, has already resulted in great injury to its influence in a country where religious sentiment exists becoming weaker every year, and the success of proposition to deal out cash charities to those creditors will work still greater injury. Honesty is the best policy for the church as well as people.

In the inventions as well as in science and mechanical invention an American genius is fast taking its place in the front rank. At the exercises of the multiplication tower association held in Mount Calvary cathedral about 5 000 of the most perfect specimens of pin tower work ever brought to either in operation were all on and inspected by many thousands of appreciative visitors. Dr Hermann Vogel the eminent scientist of Berlin was in attendance and said to the committee:

I have learned here to appreciate the high standing of American photographs and have communicated what I had learned to my friends in Germany. American photographs are now esteemed as masterpieces in Germany and I might almost say hang in every window and on every wall. Their backgrounds and accessories are in use in nearly every studio in Europe. European photographers of whom we once learned, now learn of you. Such a compliment coming from such a high authority is a proud tribute to American photographers and their zeal and enterprise in the study and progress of their chosen art.

If you are the right man to get drunk and a big log of home if you are a fanatic. If you deny his right to get drunk just his wife and children as think you are a fanatic. If you deny his right to get drunk and in his drunken madness to take another man's life you are a fanatic. And you deny the right of the members of the Knox whisky association to keep open in violation of law the place where nearly all the misery and three quarters of the crime that afflict mankind take their start you are a worse fanatic still. You are as much a slave to personal liberty per se and roberts signify as the large lobsters in soup tureens and forcing the market to make men drunk and turning them into brutes monsters paupers and criminals. One man drunk would be a great gain to personal liberty per se from the destruction of the Knox whisky association with a gentleman's fortune.

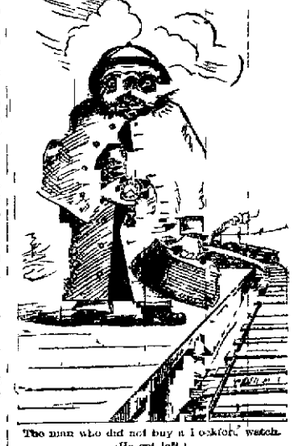
The Boston *Herald* would make a Bull run wish that he never set hims If up as the champion of the under dog in the fight. If he were not so inordinate a fool as to think he was not with the under dog during all the years when he was acting with the pro-slavery democracy while it was voting to nominate Jefferson Davis for the presidency in order that the African race might be kept under by the domineering and insolent slave power. In the great conflict between capital and labor its interests are bound up with those of corporate and combined wealth. Does he consider the cat is that he is fighting in the fight? There is one way as the *Herald* says such a monstrous fraud as this Jay Gould will have his manufacturer made rich by grinding down his operatives pauper as the champion of the under dog!

The buffalo is fast disappearing and without active interference on the part of the government will be extinct in a few years. The Helena *Herald* says that if the government wishes to preserve a natural and suitable park for the remnant of buffalo the place is that portion of Montana from the crest of the main range of the Rocky Mountains to the eastern border of the territory and north of the Marias and the Missouri river. It is now mainly an Indian reservation, but the Indians are few in number and in not use it for any purpose.

It is certain Conkling did not visit the national park. The Rochester *Observer* explains how it was that the loquacious tourist journeyed all the way through and back without getting out to see the sights. All he wanted was to see a geyser, and he wouldn't take a long, wagon ride to see one. Even if he did the geysers wouldn't shut down as he came by, but would have been ready to spout when he got back.

NEW TO-DAY.

NEW YORK BOSTON
EWER COMPANY. Waterbos.



The man who did not buy a Lookout watch. (He got left.)

Diamonds, Gold and Silver Watches, Gold and Rolled Jewelry.

107 First st. between Washington and Stark.

MECHANICS' PAVILION.

Thursday Evening, August 30, 1888.

Special Announcement.

REV HENRY WARD

BEECHER

"The Reign of the Common People."

POPULAR PRICES

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

ON MONDAY, AUG 27, 1888,

Celebration of the Family

OF THE

MISSES PAGE

The Finance Committee connected with the proposed celebration of the Fourth of July is desirous to call upon each person. It is desired that the subscription should be general and on a liberal scale.

Persons desiring to assist are therefore respectfully requested to call upon the Treasurer HENRY J. CORBETT at his office in the Board of Trade rooms, New Market Block, between the hours of 1 and 5 P. M.

ALLGEMEINE DEUTSCHE

SPEZIAL-VERSAMMLUNG

GRAND

GAS BALLOON ASCENSION!

City View Park,

SUNDAY, AUGUST 26, 1888,

PROF P. A. VAN TASSELL, in Mammoth Air Ship, "CITY OF N. Y."

BASE BALL MATCH

AND

TROTTING RACE

ALBINA

BUSINESS LOTS

AND

RESIDENCE LOTS

JOHN M. CHINNER,

Agent for Montgomery & Reed

OFFICE IN ALBINA.

MRS. DUNLAP'S

FROEBEL KINDERGARTEN

246 Washington St.

One Thousand Pounds

FRESH GOSHEN CREAM and LIMBURGER CHEESE,

44 Washington street.

Carpenters are also Wanted.

E. JONES BELL & CO

WANTS.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO WORK in the drug store. Inquire at 107 First st.

WANTED—A GOOD MAN TO WORK in a planing mill. Address with reference, box 1, this office.

WANTED—TWO GOOD CARPENTERS. Inquire at 220 Front st.

WANTED—A GOOD WATCHMAN. Apply at 220 Front st.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Inquire at 107 Second st.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS CHAMBERMAID at the Occidental.

WANTED—A COMPETENT BILL CLERK. Address in own handwriting, box 1, this office.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Inquire at 107 Second st.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK AT THE Portland Restaurant, 128 First st.

WANTED—TWO GOOD GIRLS FOR housework. Inquire at 107 Second st.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Inquire at 107 Second st.

WANTED—AT THE MORRISON HOUSE, a good cook and a waitress.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Inquire at 107 Second st.

WANTED—GOOD TAILORS TO HAND Work. Inquire at 107 First st.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS. One who knows how to work and will be steady. Ladies' and W. White Rock Dining Room, 128 First st.

WANTED—A STEADY MAN TO DRIVE a delivery wagon. Apply at 107 Second st.

WANTED—SPECIAL AGENTS. A. DAVIS & CO., 107 Second st.

WANTED—A GOOD MAN TO WORK ON a farm. Apply to A. JOHNSON, Sellwood.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A FIRST-class cook. Apply at 107 First st.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 107 Second st.

CHINESE HORSE SERVANTS PROMPTLY furnished. Apply at NEW CHINESE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 107 First st.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SOLICITORS. Inquire at 107 First st.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Inquire at 107 Second

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...LMAN & CO.,
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...nday, Furniture & Mer...
...at Residence, ...
...Double Sales.

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...SOMMERVILLE, WHOLESALE
...2 Front st., Portland, Or.

...CWS, WHOLESALE GROCERS
...ont and 12 sts., Portland, Or.

...MACLEAY, WHOLESALE GRO...
...mission Merchants, 64 and 66 Fro...

...& MASON, WHOLESALE GRO...
...umbering Merchants, & to 55 ...
...and.

...E ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GRO...
...ader and Commission Merchant
...t street, Portland, Or.

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...rtland, Oregon.

...& CO., IMPORTERS AND JO...
...Island Wire screens, Portland, ...

...LING & CO., IMPORTERS AN...
...and 62 Front street, Portland, ...

...ORESTON, IMPORTERS AND ...
...0 Front street, Portland, Or.

...CKS AND CARRIAGES.

...RY STABLE, EAST PORTLAN...
...ts, buggies and harness the best ...
...reasonable rates. Telephone ...

...GUNPOWDER.

...D & CO., AGENTS CAL. POWDE...
...Front and Vine sts., Portland, ...

...LING & CO., AGENTS for D...
...wder, at and 64 Front street, Por...

...ND WAGON MATERIAL

...UP & CO., 20 AND 22 FRONT S...
...1883) deal exclusively in Carria...
...Iron, Steel and Coal.

...UTS AND NUTS.

...DEALER IN ORANGES, LEMON...
...and Nuts of all kinds. 12 Front s...

...D PARK MACHINERY.

...Y & CO., NO. 24 N. FRONT S...
...& importers and dealers in all kin...
...mills a specialty.

...SON & GUNN, MANUFACTU...
...in all kinds of Saddlery, Harness ...
...fection and rubber mills a specia...
...HOUSE, Portland, Salem, Or.

...CRISH, PRESIDENT HOT...
...ufacturers of engines, saw mills, ...
...rth and spring wagons, tapping ...
...ding of farming machinery and ...
...illustrated catalogue.

...R & CO., SOLE AGENTS BUCK...
...and Rubber, Canton Flats Turpen...
...Rubber Mixed Paints, Portland, ...

...S & CO., MAKERS OF ENGINE...
...and Sawmills, Ton Fron ts, Bea...
...ks, etc., bet. Columbia and Clay, ...

...& CO., IMPORTERS AND DEA...
...Blocks of flooring, mill machinery ...
...ction circular.

...KELL & CO., WHOLESALE PAPE...
...Agents for Bidwell, Seacord, ...
...McCormick Twine Binders. Chas...
...Agents, purchase and ship many o...
...grist mill machinery, and all ...
...implements of every description ...
...Pacific Coast.

...SSION MERCHANTS.

...CO., COMMISSION & PRODUCE...
...Front street, Portland, Or.

...NG & CO., SILK DRESERS &...
...merchants; agents for Columbia ...
...16 Second street.

...CHTEL & CO., COMMISSION ...
...and 4 N. Front st., Portland, Or.

...ORWARDING, SHIPPING AND ...
...No. 170 FRONT STREET, PORT...
...ve produce a specialty. Cash ad...
...ds by rail or river to all parts of the ...

...& CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS ...
...in wheat and wool. No. 30 North ...
...land Or.

...RCH & CO., SHIPPING AND ...
...chants; specialties, wheat, flour, ...
...etc., N. W. cor. Front and Ash sts.

...SS AND SADDLERY.

...MANUFACTURER AND DEALER ...
...e harness and saddlery, robes, bl...
...ts, turf goods, whips, spurs, and ...
...ds a specialty. 104 and 106 First st...

...IMPORTER AND MANUFAC...
...ess and saddles, 201 Front cor. Pin...

...RAW WORKS.

...S CLEANED OR DYED AND ...
...latest styles at 226 Third street, be...

...Y PRODUCE.

...EALER IN GRAIN, POTATOES, ...
...Eggs, Bacon, 132 Front st.

...SCALES.

...ERSON, AGENTS FOR HOWE ...
...Standard Scales; every scale w...
...d for 5 full years.

...ublished 1867.

The Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 25, 1883.

OREGON MEDICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, AUG. 24, 7:57 P. M.

Place of Observation	Height above Sea Level	Barometer Reduced to Sea Level	Thermometer	Direction of Wind	Rain Fall in Inches	State of Weather
Portland	50	29.96	67	NW	.00	Clear
Roseburg	479	29.97	66	NW	.00	Clear
Salem	154	29.98	68	NW	.00	Clear
Eugene City	374	29.97	66	SW	.00	Clear
Dallas	230	29.97	67	E	.00	Clear

Observer, Dr. WHITEAKER, Asst. AS

Mr. Hooker's address on "Evolution and Revelation," which was to have been delivered in the Methodist church this evening, has been unavoidably postponed in consequence of the extraordinary amount of matter which has been written and is in type. The address is now not expected to be delivered before next Sunday, when it will be published in the Weekly. For sale at the business office of the Bee Hive.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.

Ordway will sell at salesroom at 10 A. M. a large assortment of boots and shoes, a Kimball buggy at 3 o'clock, and a lot of groceries.

CITY.

TO THOUSAND MILES WITH A BOOMERANG.—On the 20th of August, 1850, John Dawson Hart, a brother and one of the heirs of the late Dr. Davenport of this city, started from the village of Gloucester county, England. His will was disputed in Gloucester county, and his half property, the value of some $40,000, it was thought, would be approbated here. [illegible] ...ment should be ...the law of the state ...certified copy of the documents to its ...ing Gloucestershire, England. His will was ...for which a

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 25, 1883.

THE VILLARD STOCKS.

The Recent Attack Upon them in New York—Good Words for the Northern Pacific.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

The rally in Oregon Transcontinental and Northern Pacific, and the healthier tone in the stock market, in all probability, the end of the onslaught which has been made upon these stocks and the great enterprises which they represent. The excitement of the week or during the past two days is noteworthy as an instance of the power of skilful manipulators to unsettle values and to threaten (at credit of the most successful enterprises for speculative purposes. At no time in the history of the construction of the Northern Pacific route has there been less cause for suspicion to fix upon its securities than at present. The transcontinental line is rapidly nearing completion under the most favorable circumstances. The common carrier business of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, one of the most paying properties in the country. Every confidence is felt throughout the country in the future prosperity of the Northern Pacific line. Much of the region through which it passes is already sufficiently developed to supply it with a paying business, and the beginning of through travel will speedily create traffic in those sections which are not yet thinly settled. The advantage which the new line will have over the Pacific roads already in operation with respect to time through freights is thoroughly appreciated how thoroughly the desperate efforts of those interested in other lines to discredit Northern Pacific securities at this time in order to secure heavy interests in it for themselves show. Of course the dismal men, who cannot see where the Northern Pacific is to make enough to pay interest, has expended its last dollar of investment or divi dends, is on hand—the usual lot. He has predicted the failure of every new enterprise in twenty-nine years. He has failed, of course, in the construction of lines from ocean to ocean has always plunged him in a cave of gloom. The same prophecies have been made of the Pacific Railroad, of the Union Central and Union Pacific, and the Texas Pacific roads, and with greater reason, when the desert character of long stretches of country along these lines is remembered. They have managed to prosper very fairly though none of them had the reason for confidence that exists in the case of the Northern Pacific. The immense business of Oregon and Washington will immensely exceed that of California. The enormous land grant has been surveyed, and will for a long time yield a source of great and permanent revenue sufficient to offset all obligations. The capitalization of the Dividend Paying Pacific has been put at about $35,000,000 per mile in stock, the Kansas Pacific at $70,000 a mile, the Central and Union Pacific and the Texas Pacific roads, and with greater reason, when the desert character of long stretches of country along these lines is remembered. They have managed to prosper very fairly though none of them had the reason for confidence that exists in the case of the Northern Pacific. The immense business of Oregon and Washington will immensely exceed that of California. The enormous land grant has been surveyed, and will for a long time yield a source of great and permanent revenue sufficient to offset all obligations. The capitalization of the Dividend Paying Pacific has been put at about $35,000,000 per mile in stock, the Kansas Pacific at $70,000 a mile, the Central and Union Pacific at $78,000 a mile, a year's hauling held to take up dividend warrants on the divisions which they cover and the Texas Pacific at $30,000 a mile, as against $110,000 for the Union Pacific, and $130 000 for the Centra. Pacific. If there is any truth in figures, both the Northern Pacific and the Oregon Transcontinental Company, together with the Villard interests centring in those companies, are entering upon a career of prosperity unsurpassed by any railroad business. The Oregon Transcontinental Company, through which